## **Material Safety Data Sheet** (Prepared according to 29 CFR 1910,1200) Date of Preparation: Revised: 07/09 Prepared By: DD Section - 1 Product and Company Identification REACT Product Name: Chemical Family: Caustics Formula: Generic Name: P801 Drain Maintainer Suppliers Name: Ricmar Industries Suppliers Address: 889 N. Larch Avenue Elmhurst, IL 60126 Corrosive Solids, N.O.S., 8, UN1759, PG II (Contains; Sodium Hydroxide) Proper Shipping Name: Information Phone Number: 913-722-1557 Emergency Phone No. 800-535-5053 Flammability: 0 HMIS Codes: Personal Protection: X Reactivity: 3 Health: 2 Section - 2 Hazard Ingredients / Identity Information ACGIH/TVL Other Limits Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Identity; **OSHA PEL** % Wt. Common Name(s) Sodium Hydroxide 1310-73-2 No Info 2mg/m<sup>3</sup> No Info < 100 This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section CAS# Chemical Name % Wt 1310-73-2 99.00 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 and of CFR 372 Sodium Hydroxide Section III - Physical / Chemical characteristics Specific Gravity (H<sub>2</sub>O =1):2.13 Boiling Point Range °F: N/A Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.):Unknown melting Point: N/A Vapor Density (AIR = 1): N/A Evaporation Rate: N/A Solubility in Water: (Butyl Acetate = 1) Appearance and Odor: : Orange Pearls, Lemon Odor % Volatile: Negligible pH: 13.0 - 14.0 Section IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data Flash Point (Method Used): N/A Flammable limits: LEL UEL N/A N/A Extinguishing Media: Water Fog, CO2, Dry Chemical Special Fire Fighting procedures: SCBA, Protective Clothing Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Extinguish all ignition sources, Flammable Hydrogen Gas may be liberated. Autoignition Temprature: Section V - Reactivity Data Stabitity: Unstable Conditions to Avoid: Stable X Incompatibility (Materials to avoid): Active Metals, strong acids Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide Hazardous Decomposition or By products: Hazardous Polymerization: May Occur Will not Occur Section VI - Health Hazard Information **Effects of Overexposure:** Primary Route of Entry: Destructive - Overexposure may produce burns. Skin: Eyes: Destructive - Exposure may cause burns, eye injury and blindness. Inhalation: Excessive inhalation may damage respiratory tract.. Possible nausea, dizziness, and difficulty breathing. Ingestion: Extremely corrosive, large quantities could cause severe pain, nausea, death. First Aid procedures: Skin: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water while removing contaminated clothing. Seek medical attention if irritation persists

Eves:	Flush with water for 15 minutes while lifting eyelids to assure complete
<b>,</b>	removal. Get medical attention.
Inhalation:	Remove to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.
Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, dilute stomach contents by drinking water. Call a physician immediately.
	Section VII - Spills, Leaks and Disposal Procedure
Steps to be Take	n in Case Material is Released or Spilled:
Wear appropriate protective and respiratory equipment.	
	Prevent spills from entering sewers or any unauthorized water systems.
Waste Disposal	Mothod
waste Disposai	Dispose in accordance with appropriate Federal, State and Local regulations.
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	Section VIII - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection
Respiratory Prot	·
recommending in re-	section 2 when ventilation is restricted. Use in well ventilated area
Protective Glove	
Other Protective	Equipment: None required.
Ventilation	Sufficient ventilation in volume and pattern should be provided to
	keep air contamination at a minimum.
Eye Protection:	Safety glasses or goggles.
	Section IX - Special Precautions and Comments
Handling Precaut	
i anding i rodati	For Trained Industrial and Institutional Personnel Only.
Storage Requiren	
ototago i toquilon	Trees seriality aging about mornoring
Comments:	Practice good hygiene after handling this material.